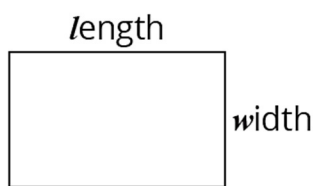


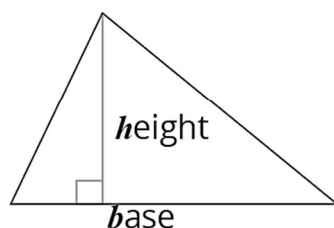
GCSE Maths Formulae (Foundation)

Area of a Rectangle



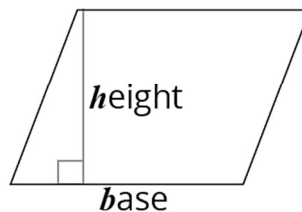
$$\text{length} \times \text{width} \\ = lw$$

Area of a Triangle



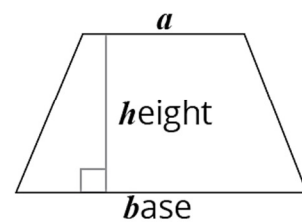
$$\frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height} \\ = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

Area of a Parallelogram



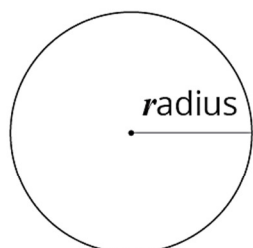
$$\text{base} \times \text{height} \\ = bh$$

Area of a Trapezium



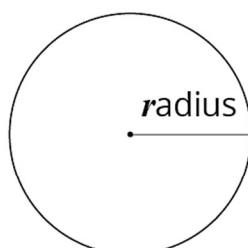
$$\frac{1}{2} \times (a + b) \times \text{height} \\ = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$$

Area of a Circle



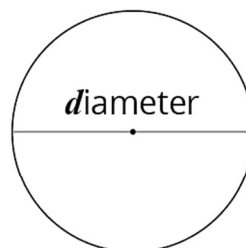
$$\pi \times \text{radius} \times \text{radius} \\ = \pi r^2$$

Circumference of a Circle



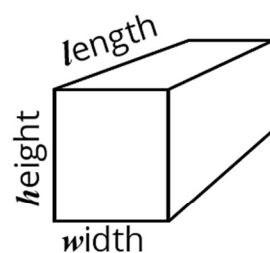
$$2 \times \pi \times \text{radius} \\ = 2\pi r$$

Circumference of a Circle



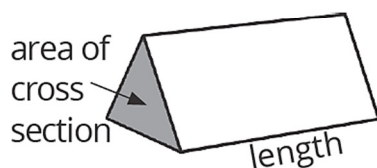
$$\pi \times \text{diameter} \\ = \pi d$$

Volume of a Cuboid

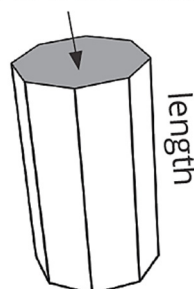


$$\text{length} \times \text{width} \times \text{height} \\ = lwh$$

Volume of a Prism



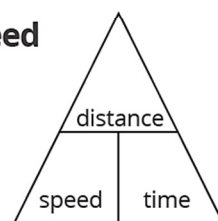
area of cross section



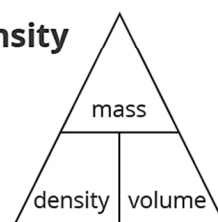
$$\text{area of cross section} \times \text{length}$$

Compound Measures:

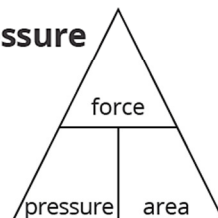
Speed



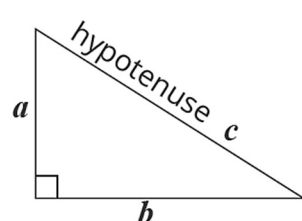
Density



Pressure



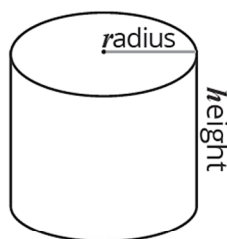
Pythagoras' Theorem



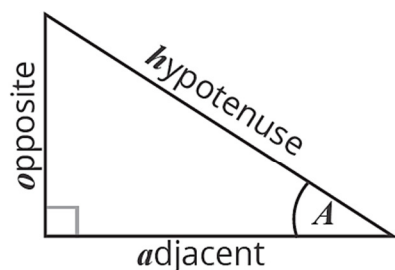
$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

Volume of a Cylinder

$$\pi \times \text{radius} \times \text{radius} \times \text{height} \\ = \pi r^2 h$$



Trigonometry Formulae



$$\sin A = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos A = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\tan A = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$$

$$\sin A = \frac{o}{h}, \cos A = \frac{a}{h}, \tan A = \frac{o}{a}$$

Compound Interest

Principle amount
interest rate

number of times the
interest is compounded

Value of Investment

$$= P \left(1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n$$

Values of Trigonometric Functions

	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°
$\sin \theta$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
$\cos \theta$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0
$\tan \theta$	0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$	not defined